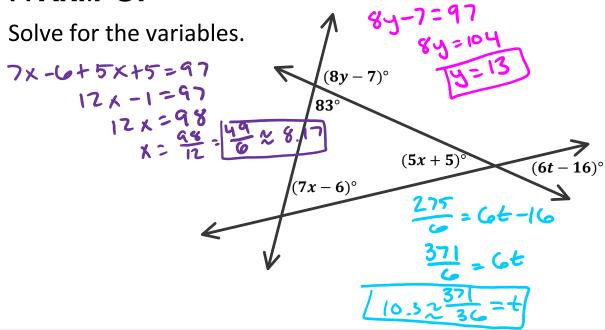
### WARM UP



# **ESSENTIAL QUESTION**

What is true about the interior and exterior angle measures of a triangle?

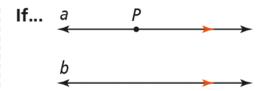
GOAL: "I CAN...

Solve problems using the measures of interior and exterior angles of triangles."

#### THEOREM 2-10

Through a point not on a line, there is one and only one line parallel to the given line.

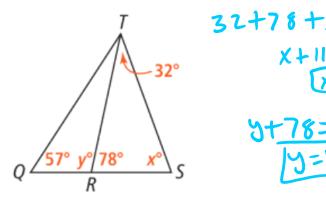
PROOF: SEE EXERCISE 10.



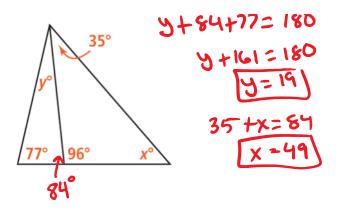
**Then...** line *a* is the only line parallel to line *b* through *P*.

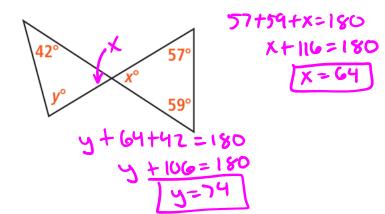
#### **EXAMPLE 1**

Solve for x and y.



Solve for x and y. (x and y are different values for the different figures.)

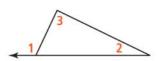




## **Triangle Exterior Angle Theorem**

The measure of each exterior angle of a triangle equals the sum of the measures of its two remote interior angles.

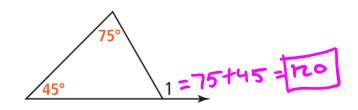
If...



Then...  $m \angle 1 = m \angle 2 + m \angle 3$ 

#### EXAMPLE 2

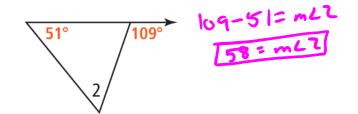
A. What is the missing angle measure in the figure?



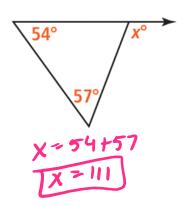
B. What is the missing angle measure in the figure?

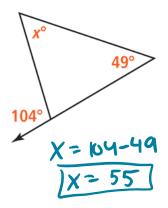


# B. What is the missing angle measure in the figure?

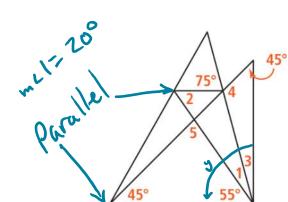


## Solve for x in each of the figures.





**5.** What are the measures of  $\angle 4$  and  $\angle 5$ ? Explain.



m25=805° 45+45+y=180 y=90 m21+m23=35 20+m23=35

m25+100=180

45+55+m25=180

20+mL3=35 mL3=15

m24+45+15= 180 m24+60=180 | m24=120

# Homework

Pg. 90 12, 14, 15-27 odd, 30, 33