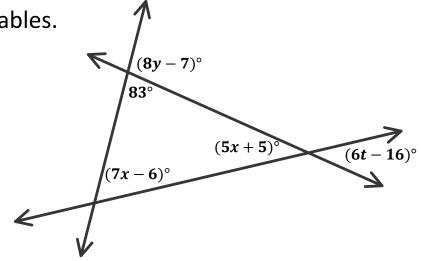
2.3 Parallel Lines and Triangle Sum

Monday, September 23, 2019 7:46 AM

WARM UP

Solve for the variables.



ESSENTIAL QUESTION

What is true about the interior and exterior angle measures of a triangle?

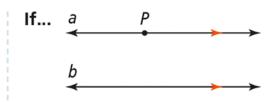
GOAL: "I CAN...

Solve problems using the measures of interior and exterior angles of triangles."

THEOREM 2-10

Through a point not on a line, there is one and only one line parallel to the given line.

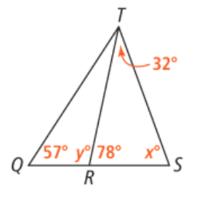
PROOF: SEE EXERCISE 10.



Then... line *a* is the only line parallel to line *b* through *P*.

EXAMPLE 1

Solve for x and y.



Solve for x and y. (x and y are different values for the different figures.)



Triangle Exterior Angle Theorem

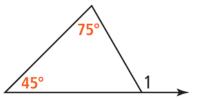
The measure of each exterior angle of a triangle equals the sum of the measures of its two remote interior angles.

If...

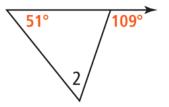
Then... $m \angle 1 = m \angle 2 + m \angle 3$

EXAMPLE 2

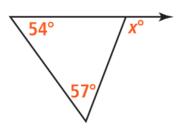
A. What is the missing angle measure in the figure?

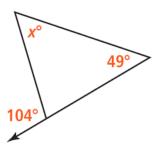


B. What is the missing angle measure in the figure?

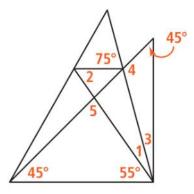


Solve for x in each of the figures.





5. What are the measures of $\angle 4$ and $\angle 5$? Explain.



Homework

Pg. 90 12, 14, 15-27 odd, 30, 33

Topic 2 - Parallel and Perpendiular Lines Page 5