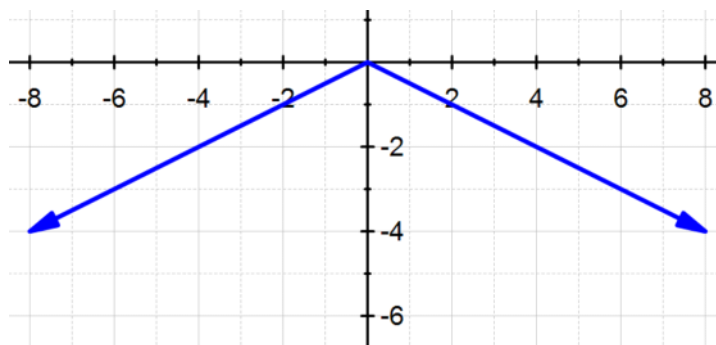
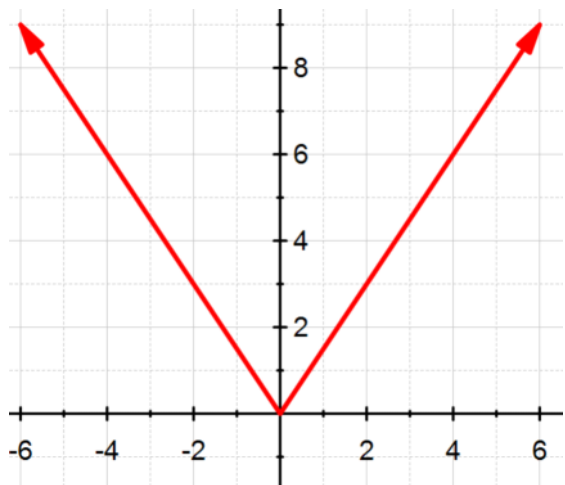


WARM UP

For the two graphs below, find the function shown in the graph and the **Domain** and **Range** of each.



ESSENTIAL QUESTION

How do constants affect the graphs of absolute value functions?

GOAL: "I CAN. . .

Graph and analyze transformations of absolute value functions.."

What do we know so far?

What is the difference of the y values for the functions?

What is the differences in the **Domain** and **Range** of the functions?

How do the graphs differ?

$$f(x) = |x|$$

$$g(x) = 2|x|$$

$$h(x) = -1|x|$$

X	Y

X	Y

X	Y

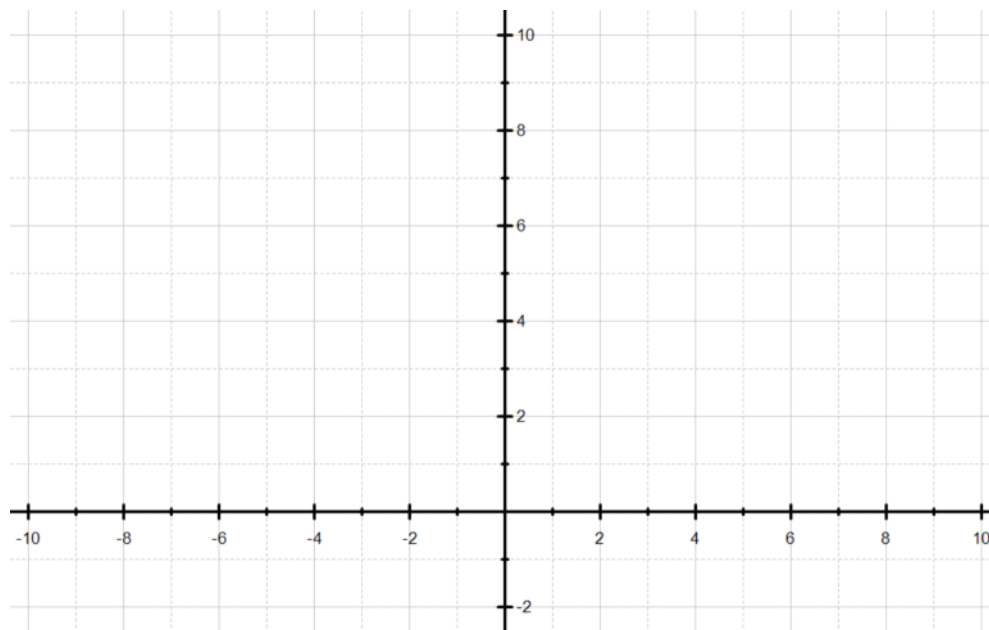
What does adding a constant at the end do to the graph?

What does adding a constant inside the brackets do to the graph?

$$f(x) = |x|$$

$$g(x) = |x| + 5$$

$$h(x) = |x - 5|$$



What we need to know:

$$g(x) = a|x - h| + k$$

a :

h :

k :

EXAMPLE 1

For each function, identify the vertex and axis of symmetry.

$$p(x) = |x| + 3$$

$$g(x) = |x| - 2$$

EXAMPLE 2

For each function, identify the vertex and axis of symmetry.

$$m(x) = |x - 3|$$

$$t(x) = |x + 2|$$

EXAMPLE 3

For each function, identify the vertex and axis of symmetry.

$$g(x) = |x - 1| - 3$$

$$j(x) = |x + 2| + 6$$

EXAMPLE 4

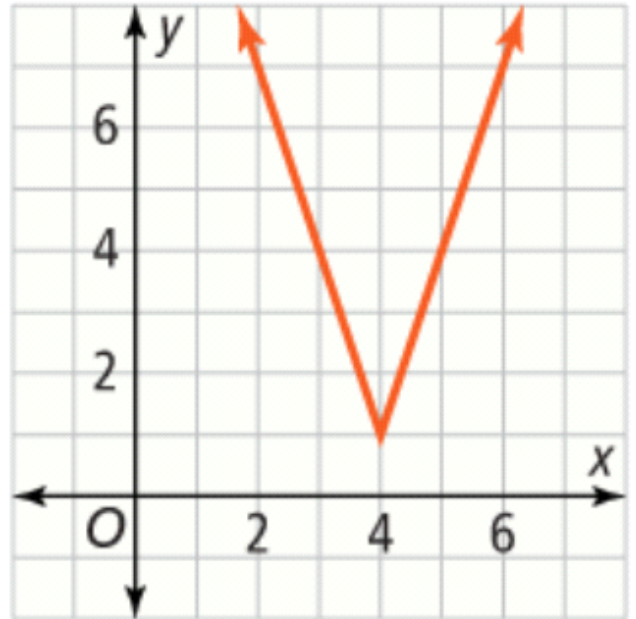
Compare the graph of each function with the parent function $f(x) = |x|$.

$$h(x) = 3|x|$$

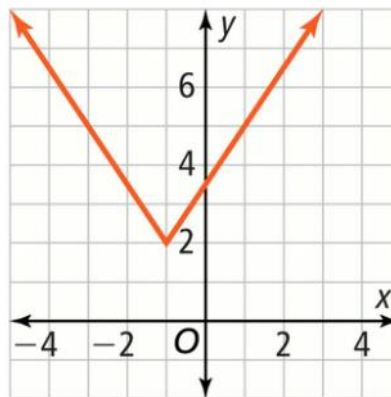
$$p(x) = -\frac{1}{3}|x|$$

EXAMPLE 5

How can you use the constants a , h , and k to write a function given its graph?



Write a function for the graph shown.



Write the function of the graph after a translation 1 unit right and 4 units up.

<https://tinyurl.com/smew329>



HOMework

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16, 18, 20, 22-27, 29, 31, 35