## Warm Up

Solve the proportion. Round your answer to the nearest tenth.

1. $\frac{a}{\sin 28^{\circ}}=\frac{21}{\sin 65^{\circ}}$
2. $\frac{15}{\sin 40^{\circ}}=\frac{c}{\sin 94^{\circ}}$
3. $\frac{b}{\sin 9^{\circ}}=\frac{63}{\sin 105^{\circ}}$
4. $\frac{54}{\sin B}=\frac{61}{\sin 73^{\circ}}$
5. $\frac{16}{\sin 81^{\circ}}=\frac{15}{\sin A}$
6. $\frac{110}{\sin C}=\frac{85}{\sin 36^{\circ}}$

## Essential Question

How can the Law of Sines be used to determine side lengths and angle measures in acute and obtuse triangles?

Needed Vocab:

- Law of Sines

GOAL: "I CAN. .
Use the Law of Sines to solve problems."

## With your Table

Given the following coordinates, and following information, find the lengths of all sides (rounded to the nearest tenth) and measure of all
angels (rounded to the nearest tenth) and find the ratios so you can fill out the following table. (Round all answers to the nearest Tenth)

$$
A(0,0), B(4,2), C(5,0)
$$



## Law of Sines

For any $\triangle A B C$ with side lengths $a, b$, and $c$ opposite angles $A, B$, and $C$, respectively, the Law of Sines relates the sine of each angle to the length of the opposite side.

$$
\frac{\sin A}{a}=\frac{\sin B}{b}=\frac{\sin C}{c}
$$



If we didn't have coordinate points to prove the Law of Sines what could we have done?

have done?


## EXAMPLE 1

For $\triangle X Y Z$, what is $Y Z$ to the nearest tenth?

2. What is $X Z$ to the nearest tenth?


EXAMPLE 2
What are $m \angle R$ and $m \angle S$ in $\triangle R S T$ ?

3. a. What is $m \angle N$ ?
b. What is $m \angle O$ ?


## Example 3

The map shows the path a pilot flew between Omaha and Chicago in order to avoid a thunderstorm. How much longer is this route than the direct route to Chicago?

4. Suppose the pilot chose to fly north of the storm. How much farther is that route than the direct route?


# Homework 

## Pg. 365 <br> 13, 18-29, 32, 34, 37

